

SURVEY PROGRAMME for Chemical Tankers

Basic Information and Particulars

Ship's name	:
IMO Number	:
Flag State	:
Port of Registry	:
Gross Tonnage	:
Deadweight (metric tonnes)	:
Length between perpendiculars (m)	:
Shipbuilder	:
Hull number	:
Recognized Organization (RO)	:
RO Ship Identity (Class Number)	:
Date of delivery of the ship	:
Owner	:
Thickness Measurement Firm	:
Survey place	:

Even if the Special Survey / Intermediate Survey is divided to commencement and completion, all survey items are to be listed in the program.

Prepared by the owner in co-operation with the Classification Society.

Survey programme is to be verified by NK surveyor prior to commencing Special Survey / Intermediate Survey.

Date :

()
(name and signature of authorized owner's representative)

Date :

()
Surveyor to Nippon Kaiji Kyokai
Branch/Office

1 Preamble

1.1 Scope

1.1.1 The present Survey Programme covers the minimum extent of overall surveys, close-up surveys, thickness measurements and pressure testing within the cargo area, ballast tanks, including fore and aft peak tanks, required by the NK Rules.

1.1.2 The arrangements and safety aspects of the survey shall be acceptable to the attending surveyor(s).

1.2 Documentation

All documents used in the development of the survey programme shall be available onboard during the survey.

2 Arrangement of Tanks and Spaces

This section of the survey programme shall provide information (either in the form of plans or text) on the arrangement of tanks and spaces that fall within the scope of the survey.

Tank Arrangement*/Tank List*, which is attached to next page is to be referred.
(*: Delete as appropriate)

3. List of tanks with information on their use, extent of coatings and corrosion protection system

This section of the survey programme shall indicate any changes relating to (and shall update) the information on the use of the tanks of the ship, the extent of coatings and the corrosion protective system provided in the Survey Planning Questionnaire.

Spaces	Fr. No	Corrosion Protection (1)	Coating Extent (2)	Coating Condition (3)

1) HC=hard coating; SC=soft coating; A=anodes; NP=no protection; CS=clad steel; SS=stainless steel
2) U=upper part; M=middle part; L=lower part; C=complete
3) G=good; F=fair; P=poor, RC=recoated (during the last 3 years)

Tank Arrangement*/Tank List* (*: Delete as appropriate)

4 Conditions for survey

This section of the survey programme shall provide information on the conditions for survey, e.g. information regarding cargo hold and tank cleaning, gas freeing, ventilation, lighting, etc.

- 4.1 The owner shall provide the necessary facilities for a safe execution of the survey.
- 4.2 In order to enable the attending surveyors to carry out the survey, provisions for proper and safe access shall be agreed between the owner and NK.
- 4.3 In cases where the provisions of safety and required access are judged by the attending surveyors not to be adequate, the survey of the spaces involved shall not proceed.
- 4.4 Tanks and spaces are to be safe for access. Tanks and spaces shall be gas free and properly ventilated. Prior to entering a tank, void or enclosed space, it shall be verified that the atmosphere in that space is free from hazardous gas and contains sufficient oxygen.
- 4.5 In preparation for survey and thickness measurements and to allow for a thorough examination, all spaces shall be cleaned including removal from surfaces of all loose accumulated corrosion scale. Spaces shall be sufficiently clean and free from water, scale, dirt, oil residues etc. to reveal corrosion, deformation, fractures, damages, or other structural deterioration as well as the condition of the coating. However, those areas of structure whose renewal has already been decided by the owner need only be cleaned and descaled to the extent necessary to determine the limits of the areas to be renewed.
- 4.6 Sufficient illumination shall be provided to reveal significant corrosion, deformation, fractures, damages or other structural deterioration as well as the condition of the coating.
- 4.7 The attending surveyor(s) shall always be accompanied by at least one responsible person assigned by the Company experienced in tank and enclosed spaces inspection. In addition a backup team of at least two experienced persons shall be stationed at the hatch opening of the tank or space that is being surveyed. The back-up team shall continuously observe the work in the tank or space and shall keep lifesaving and evacuation equipment ready for use.
- 4.8 Where Soft Coatings have been applied, safe access shall be provided for the surveyor to verify the effectiveness of the coating and to carry out an assessment of the conditions of internal structures, which may include spot removal of the coating. When safe access cannot be provided, the soft coating shall be removed.
- 4.9 A communication system is to be arranged between the survey party in the tank or space being examined, the responsible officer on deck and, as the case may be, the navigation bridge. The communication arrangements are to be maintained throughout the survey. This system shall also include the personnel in charge of ballast pump handling if boats or rafts are used.
- 4.10 Survey at sea or at anchorage may be accepted provided the surveyor is given the necessary assistance from the personnel on board.

Complete cargo/ballast discharge to be confirmed by : _____

O2 content measurement and gas detection to be confirmed by : _____

Cleanliness in cargo/ballast tanks to be confirmed by : _____

Cargo Tank Cleaning Procedures

Indicate the frequency of the tank washing, especially uncoated tanks:

-
-

Washing medium used :

- Heated seawater :
- Other medium (specify) :

Inert Gas System installed : Yes / No

- Details of inert gas plant :
- Indicate average oxygen content during inerting :

Reference are made to

- *IACS Recommendation 39 - Guidelines for the use of Boats or Rafts for Close-up surveys; and,*
- *Chapter 10 of the International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals (ISGOTT) - Entry into and working in enclosed spaces.*

5 Provisions and method of access to structures

This section of the survey programme shall indicate any changes relating to (and shall update) the information on the provisions and methods of access to structures provided in the Survey Planning Questionnaire.

Tank No.	Structure	C (Cargo) / B (Ballast)	Temporary staging	Rafts	Ladders	Direct access	Other means (please specify)
F.P.	Fore peak						
A.P.	Aft peak						
Wing Tanks	Under deck						
	Side shell						
	Bottom transverse						
	Longitudinal						
	Transverse						
Centre Tanks	Under deck						
	Bottom transverse						
	Transverse						

- 5.1 For overall survey, means shall be provided to enable the surveyor to examine the structure in a safe and practical way.
- 5.2 For close-up surveys, one or more of the following means for access, acceptable to the surveyor, shall be provided:
 - .1 Permanent staging and passages through structures;
 - .2 Temporary staging and passages through structures;
 - .3 Hydraulic arm vehicles such as conventional cherry pickers, lifts and moveable platforms;
 - .4 Boats or rafts;
 - .5 Portable ladders;
 - .6 Other equivalent means.
- 5.3 Surveys of tanks by means of boats or rafts may only be undertaken with the agreement of the surveyor, who shall take into account the safety arrangements provided, including weather forecasting and ship response in reasonable sea conditions.
- 5.4 When rafts or boats will be used for close-up survey the following conditions shall be observed:
 - .1 Only rough duty, inflatable rafts or boats, having satisfactory residual buoyancy and stability even if one chamber is ruptured, shall be used;
 - .2 The boat or raft shall be tethered to the access ladder and an additional person shall be stationed down the access ladder with a clear view of the boat or raft;
 - .3 Appropriate lifejackets shall be available for all participants;
 - .4 The surface of water in the tank shall be calm (under all foreseeable conditions the expected rise of water within the tank shall not exceed 0.25 m) and the water level either stationary or falling. On no account shall the level of the water be rising while the boat or raft is in use;
 - .5 The tank or space must contain clean ballast water only. Even a thin sheen of oil on the water is not acceptable;
 - .6 At no time shall the water level be allowed to be within 1 m of the deepest under deck web face flat so that the survey team is not isolated from a direct escape route to the tank hatch. Filling to levels above the deck transverses shall only be contemplated if a deck access manhole is fitted and open in the bay being examined, so that an escape route for the survey party is available at all times. Other effective means of escape to the deck may be considered;
 - .7 If the tanks (or spaces) are connected by a common venting system, or Inert Gas system, the tank in which the boat or raft shall be used shall be isolated to prevent a transfer of gas from other tanks (or spaces).
- 5.5 Rafts or boats alone may be allowed for inspection of the under deck areas for tanks or spaces if the depth of the webs is 1.5 m or less.
- 5.6 If the depth of the webs is more than 1.5 m, boats or rafts alone may be allowed when at least one of the following conditions is satisfied:
 - .1 When the coating of the under deck structure is in GOOD condition and there is no evidence of wastage
 - .2 A permanent means of access as described below is provided in each bay to allow safe entry and exit
 - i) Direct access from deck via a vertical ladder and a small platform is to be fitted approximately 2 m below the deck; or
 - ii) Access to the deck from a longitudinal permanent platform which is to be of the full length of the tank and arranged in level with or above the maximum

water level needed for rafting of under deck structures and to have ladders to the deck in each end of the tank. The maximum water level is to be assumed to be not more than 3 m from the deck plate measured at the midspan of the deck transverses and in the middle of the length of the tank.

If neither of the above conditions are met, then staging or other equivalent means shall be provided for the survey of the under deck areas.

- 5.7 The use of rafts or boats alone in 5.5 and 5.6 does not preclude the use of boats or rafts to move about within a tank during a survey.

6 List of equipment for survey

This section of the survey programme shall identify and list the equipment that will be made available for carrying out the survey and the required thickness measurements.

The following safety equipment is available on board.

- a) O₂ content meter / Type : _____
 Accuracy to be checked by : _____
- b) Gas detector / Type : _____
 Accuracy to be checked by : _____
- c) Portable Safety Light / No.: _____ sets of _____ type
- d) Available breathing apparatus: _____ sets of _____ type
- e) Other safety equipment, if any: _____

f) Are the other safety equipment also available at repair yard ? Yes / No

7 Survey requirements

7.1 Overall survey

This section of the survey programme shall identify and list the spaces that shall undergo a overall survey in accordance with the requirements of the Rules.

See, Appendix 3.1 – Overall Survey Requirements

.1 Cargo Tank

.2 Ballast Tank

.3 Other Tanks/Spaces

7.2 Close-up survey

This section of the survey programme shall identify and list the hull structures that shall undergo a close up survey for the ship in accordance with the requirements of the Rules.

See, Appendix 3.2 – Close-up Survey Requirements

.1 Ballast wing tanks (Single Skin Chemical Tankers)

<u>Structural members</u>	<u>Tank(s)</u>
One web frame	
All web frames	
One deck transverse	
Lower part of one T.BHD	
Both T.BHDs	
All T.BHDs	

.2 Ballast tanks (Single Skin Chemical Tankers)

<u>Structural members</u>	<u>Tank(s)</u>
All web frames	
One deck transverse	
Lower part of one T.BHD	
All T.BHDs	

.3 Cargo wing tanks (Single Skin Chemical Tankers)

<u>Structural members</u>	<u>Tank(s)</u>
One web frame	
All web frames	
One deck transverse	
Lower part of one T.BHD	
All T.BHDs	

.4 Cargo tanks (Single Skin Chemical Tankers)

<u>Structural members</u>	<u>Tank(s)</u>
One web frame	
One deck transverse	
Lower part of one T.BHD	
All T.BHDs	

.5 Ballast double hull tanks (Double Skin Chemical Tankers)

<u>Structural members</u>	<u>Tank(s)</u>
One web frame	
All web frames	
Knuckle area and the top of one web frame	
One deck transverse	
Lower part of one T.BHD	
One T.BHD	
All T.BHDs	

.6 Cargo tanks (Double Skin Chemical Tankers)

<u>Structural members</u>	<u>Tank(s)</u>
One deck transverse	
All web frames	
One web frame	
Lower part of one T.BHD	
All T.BHDs	

8 Identification of tanks for tank testing and pipes for pipe testing

This section of the survey programme shall identify and list the tanks that shall undergo tank testing for the ship in accordance with the Rules.

See, Appendix 3.3 – Tank and Pipe Testing Requirements

Cargo Tanks:	
Ballast Tanks:	
Fuel Oil Tanks:	
Lubrication Oil Tanks:	
Fresh Water Tanks:	
steel cargo pipes outside cargo tanks and ballast pipes passing through cargo tanks (for Chemical Tankers over 10 Years of Age)	

9 Minimum thickness of hull structures

This section of the survey programme shall specify the minimum thickness for hull structures of the ship that are subject to the Guidelines (indicate either (a) or preferably (b), if such information is available):

- (a) Determined from the attached* wastage allowance table and the original thickness according on the hull structure plans of the ship;
- (b) Given in the following table(s)

*: The wastage allowance tables shall be attached to the survey programme.

See, Appendix 3.5 – The Wastage Allowance

10 Thickness measurement firm

This section of the survey programme shall identify changes, if any, relating to the information on the thickness measurement firm provided in the Survey Planning Questionnaire.

11 Identification of areas and sections for thickness measurements

This section of the survey programme shall identify the areas and sections where thickness measurements shall be taken in accordance with the Rules.

See, Appendix 3.4 – Thickness Measurement Requirements

Location	TM requirements
Suspect area:	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Structural members subject to close-up survey	<i>See paragraph 7.2</i>
Each deck plating in one transverse section*	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable *: In way of ballast tank, if any, or a cargo tank used primarily for water ballast within cargo area.
Each deck plate	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Each bottom plate	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Transverse section:	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 section, <input type="checkbox"/> 2 sections, <input type="checkbox"/> 3 sections
Selected wind and water strake outside cargo area	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
All wind and water strakes within cargo area	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
All wind and water strakes full length	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Internals in FPT & APT	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
All exposed main deck plating outside the cargo area	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Representative exposed superstructure deck plating	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
All keel plates full length	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Additional bottom plates	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable
Cargo oil, fuel oil, ballast, vent pipes including vent masts and headers, inert gas pipes and all other piping in pump room and on weather decks**	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable **: when deemed necessary by the Surveyor
Selected steel cargo pipes outside cargo tanks and ballast pipes passing through cargo tanks	<input type="checkbox"/> Applicable <input type="checkbox"/> Not Applicable

Others:	
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12 Damage experience related to the ship

This section of the survey programme shall provide details of the hull damages for at least the last three years in way of the cargo and ballast tanks and void spaces within the cargo area, using the tables provided below. These damages are subject to survey.

Hull damages sorted by location for this ship

Tank or space number or area	Possible cause, if known	Description of the damages	Location	Repair	Date of repair

Hull damages for sister or similar ships (if available) in the case of design related damage

Tank or space number or area	Possible cause, if known	Description of the damages	Location	Repair	Date of repair

13 Areas identified with substantial corrosion from previous surveys

This section of the survey programme shall identify and list the areas of substantial corrosion from previous surveys.

14 Critical structural areas and suspect areas

This section of the survey programme shall identify and list the critical structural areas and the suspect areas, if such information is available.

15 Other relevant comments and information

This section of the survey programme shall provide any other comments and information relevant to the survey.

Appendices

Appendix 1 - List of Plans

The Rules require that main structural plans of cargo and ballast tanks (scantling drawings), including information on regarding use of high tensile steel (HTS), to be available. This appendix of the survey programme shall identify and list the main structural plans which form part of the survey programme.

Appendix 2 - Survey Planning Questionnaire

The Survey Planning Questionnaire, which has been submitted by the owner, shall be appended to the survey programme.

Appendix 3 - Other documentation

This part of the survey programme shall identify and list any other documentation that forms part of the survey programme.

- .1 Overall Survey Requirements**, as referred to Paragraph 7.1 “Overall survey” is attached to this survey programme.
- .2 Close-up Survey Requirements**, as referred to Paragraph 7.2 “Close-up survey” is attached to this survey programme.
- .3 Tank Testing Requirements**, as referred to Paragraph 8 “Identification of tanks for tank testing” is attached to this survey programme.
- .4 Thickness Measurement Requirements**, as referred to Paragraph 11 “Identification of areas and sections for thickness measurements” is attached to this survey programme.
- .5 The Wastage Allowance**, as referred to Paragraph 9 “Minimum thickness of hull structures” is attached to this survey programme.

Appendix 1 - List of Plans

- 1. Basic ship information and particulars;**
See, attached survey status
- 2. Main structural plans of cargo and ballast tanks (scantling drawings), including information regarding use of high tensile steels (HTS);**
 - Midship Section and Typical Trans. BHD
 - Construction Profile & Decks
 - Shell Expansion (Fore & Aft)
 - Transverse Bulkheads
 - Forward Construction
 - Afterward Construction
- 3. Arrangements of Tanks;**
 - General Arrangement
- 4. List of tanks with information on their use, extent of coatings and corrosion protection systems;**
See, paragraph 3 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 5. Conditions for survey (e.g. information regarding tank cleaning, gas freeing, ventilation, lighting, etc.);**
See, paragraph 4 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 6. Provisions and methods for access to structures;**
See, paragraph 5 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 7. Equipment for survey;**
See, paragraph 6 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 8. Identification of tanks and areas for the close-up survey;**
See, paragraph 7.2 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 9. Identification of areas and sections for thickness measurement;**
See, paragraph 11 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 10. Identification of tanks for tank testing;**
See, paragraph 8 of SURVEY PROGRAMME and General Arrangement.
- 11. Identification of the thickness measurement firm;**
See, paragraph 10 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 12. Damage experience related to the ship in question; and**
See, paragraph 12 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.
- 13. Critical Structural and Suspect Areas, where relevant.**
See, paragraph 14 of SURVEY PROGRAMME.

Appendix 2 - SURVEY PLANNING QUESTIONNAIRE

- Chemical Tanker –

The following information will enable the owner in co-operation with ClassNK to develop a survey programme complying with the requirements of the Rules. It is essential that the owner provides, when completing the present questionnaire, up-to-date information. The present questionnaire, when completed, will provide all the information and material required by the Rules.

Particulars

Ship's name :
 IMO number :
 Flag State :
 Port of registry :
 Owner :
 RO ship identity (Class Number):
 Gross tonnage :
 Deadweight (metric tonnes) :
 Date of delivery :

Information on access provision for close-up surveys and thickness measurement:

The owner shall indicate, in the table below, the means of access to the structures subject to close-up survey and thickness measurement. A close-up survey is an examination where the details of structural components are within the close visual inspection range of the attending surveyor, i.e. normally within reach of hand.

Table SPQ1

Tank No.	Structure	C (Cargo) / B (Ballast)	Temporary staging	Rafts	Ladders	Direct access	Other means (please specify)
F.P.	Fore peak						
A.P.	Aft peak						
Wing Tanks	Under deck						
	Side shell						
	Bottom transverse						
	Longitudinal						
	Transverse						
Centre Tanks	Under deck						
	Bottom transverse						
	Transverse						

Applicable access provisions are to be ticked.

History of cargo heated cargo for the last 3 years together with indication as to whether cargo was heated and, where available, Marine Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)*

** Refer to resolution MSC.150(77) on Recommendation for material safety data sheets for cargoes and marine fuel oils.*

Ballast history for the last 3 years

Owner's inspections

Using a format similar to that of the table below (which is given as an example), the owner shall provide details of the results of their inspections, for the last 3 years on all cargo and ballast tanks and void spaces within the cargo area, including peak tanks.

Table SPQ2

Tank No.	Corrosion protection (1)	Coating extent (2)	Coating condition (3)	Structural deterioration (4)	Tank damage history (5)
Cargo centre tanks					
Cargo wing tanks					
Ballast tanks					
Aft peak					
Fore peak					
Miscellaneous spaces					

Note: Indicate tanks which are used for cargo/ballast

- 1) HC=hard coating; SC=soft coating;
SH=semi-hard coating;
NP=no protection
- 2) U=upper part; M=middle part; L=lower part;
C=complete
- 3) G=good; F=fair; P=poor;
RC=recoated (during the last 3 years)
- 4) N= no findings recorded;
Y= findings recorded, description of findings
is to be attached to the questionnaire
- 5) DR=damage & repair; L= Leakages;
CV= Conversion (description shall be
attached to this questionnaire)

Name of owner's representative: Signature: Date:

Reports of Port State Control inspections

List the reports of Port State Control inspections containing hull structural related deficiencies and relevant information on the rectification of the deficiencies:

Safety Management System

List non-conformities related to hull maintenance, including the associated corrective actions:

Name and address of the approved thickness measurement firm:

Other information:

Appendix 3.1 – Overall Survey Requirements

Overall survey requirements for Special Survey No.1

1. All tanks and spaces except for fuel oil tanks, lubricating oil tanks and fresh water tanks which are not peak tanks.

Overall survey requirements for Special Survey No.2

1. All tanks and spaces (other than fuel oil tanks in engine rooms and lubricating oil tanks which are not peak tanks.) (See Remark 1)

Overall survey requirements for Special Survey No.3

1. All tanks and spaces (other than lubricating oil tanks which are not peak tanks) (See Remark 2)

Overall survey requirements for Special Survey No.4 and subsequent Special Surveys

1. All tanks and spaces (See Remark 3)

Notes:

- When internal examinations are carried out, the means of access provided for the examinations are also to be examined.
- Ballast tanks (excluding double bottom tanks) where the protective coating is found in poor condition and has not been renewed or where a protective coating has not been applied, internal examinations are to be carried out at annual intervals. For double bottom ballast tanks in this condition, internal examinations are to be carried out at annual intervals where considered necessary by the Surveyor.
- For holds insulated for the carriage of refrigerated cargo, limber boards and cover plates are to be removed and an examination of the inside is to be carried out. In addition, an examination behind the insulation is to be carried out at representative locations. The examination may be limited to verification that the protective coating remains effective and that there are no visible structural defects. Where the protective coating is found to be in a poor condition, the examination is to be extended as deemed necessary by the Surveyor.
- Ballast tanks converted to void spaces are to be examined in accordance with the provisions for ballast tanks.

Remarks:

- 1 If fuel oil tanks and fresh water tanks which are not peak tanks have had external examinations and the Surveyor is satisfied that they are in good condition, the scope of any internal examinations may be reduced. In such cases, internal examinations are to be carried out on the following tanks for at least the designated number of tanks:
 - (1) Fuel oil tanks fitted within cargo length areas (within cargo areas for tankers): 1 tank
 - (2) If no fuel oil tanks are fitted within cargo length areas (within cargo areas for tankers), fuel oil tanks fitted at locations other than engine rooms (if fitted): 1 tank
 - (3) Fresh water tanks: 1 tank
- 2 If fuel oil tanks which are not peak tanks have had external examinations and the Surveyor is satisfied that they are in good condition, the scope of any internal examinations may be reduced. In such cases, internal examinations are to be carried out on the following tanks for at least the designated number of tanks:
 - (1) Fuel oil tanks fitted within engine rooms: 1 tank
 - (2) Fuel oil tanks fitted within cargo length areas (within cargo areas for tankers): 2 tanks (In cases where deep fuel oil tanks are provided, one or more deep fuel oil tanks are to be included.)

- (3) If no fuel oil tanks are fitted within cargo length areas (within cargo areas for tankers), fuel oil tanks fitted at locations other than engine rooms (if fitted): 1 tank
- 3 If fuel oil tanks and lubricating oil tanks which are not peak tanks have had external examinations and the Surveyor is satisfied that they are in good condition, the scope of any internal examinations may be reduced. In such cases, internal examinations are to be carried out on the following tanks for at least the designated numbers of tanks:
 - (1) Fuel oil tanks fitted within engine room: 1 tank
 - (2) Fuel oil tanks fitted within cargo length areas (for tankers, within cargo areas): half the total number of tank, but not less than 2 tanks. (in cases where deep fuel oil tanks are provided, one or more deep tanks are to be included.)
 - (3) If no fuel oil tanks are fitted within cargo length areas (within cargo areas for tankers), fuel oil tanks fitted at location other than engine rooms (if fitted): 2 tanks
 - (4) Lubricating oil tanks: 1 tank

Appendix 3.2-1 – Close up Survey Requirements (Single Skin Chemical Tankers)

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.1
1. One web frame (A) - in a ballast wing tank, if any, or a cargo wing tank used primarily for water ballast
2. One deck transverse (B) - in a cargo tank or on deck
3. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a ballast tank
4. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a cargo wing tank
5. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a cargo center tank

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.2
1. All web frames (A) - in a ballast wing tank, if any, or a cargo wing tank used primarily for water ballast
2. One deck transverse (B) - in or on each of the remaining ballast tanks, if any
3. One deck transverse (B) - in or on a cargo wing tank
4. One deck transverse (B) - in or on two cargo center tanks
5. Both transverse bulkheads (C) - in a ballast wing tank, if any, or a cargo wing tank used primarily for water ballast
6. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in each remaining ballast tank
7. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a cargo wing tank
8. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in two cargo center tanks

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.3
1. All web frames (A) - in all ballast tanks
2. All web frames (A) - in a cargo wing tank
3. One web frame (A) - in each remaining cargo tank
4. All transverse bulkheads (C) - in all cargo and ballast tanks

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.4 and subsequent Special Surveys
1. As Special Survey No.3
2. Additional transverses included as deemed necessary by the surveyor

Notes: Letters in this table mean:

- (A): Cross ties and complete transverse web frame ring including adjacent structural members such as shell plating, longitudinal bulkheads, longitudinal stiffeners, and brackets
- (B): Including deck structural members adjacent to deck transverses such as deck plating, longitudinal stiffeners, and brackets
- (C) & (D): Including vertical and horizontal girders and structural members adjacent to transverse bulkheads such as longitudinal bulkheads, inner bottom plating, hopper plating, bottom girders, brackets, and stiffeners; and internal structure of lower and upper stools, where fitted

Appendix 3.2-2 – Close up Survey Requirements (Double Skin Chemical Tankers)

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.1
1. One web frame (A) - in a ballast double hull tank* ¹
2. One deck transverse (B) - in a cargo tank or on deck
3. One transverse bulkhead (C) - in a ballast double hull tank* ¹
4. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a cargo wing tank* ²
5. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a cargo center tank

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.2
1. All web frames (A) - in a ballast double hull tank* ¹
2. The knuckle area and the top part of one web frame (E) – in each remaining ballast tank
3. One deck transverse (B) - in or on two cargo center tanks
4. One transverse bulkhead (C) - in all ballast double hull tanks* ¹
5. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in a cargo wing tank* ²
6. The lower part of one transverse bulkhead (D) - in two cargo center tanks

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.3
1. All web frames (A) - in all ballast tanks
2. All web frames (A) - in a cargo wing tank (or a cargo tank for oil tankers)
3. One web frame (A) - in each remaining cargo tank
4. All transverse bulkheads (C) - in all cargo and ballast tanks

Close-up survey requirements for Special Survey No.4 and subsequent Special Surveys
1. As Special Survey No.3
2. Additional transverses included as deemed necessary by the surveyor

Notes: Letters in this table mean:

- (A): Cross ties and complete transverse web frame ring including adjacent structural members such as shell plating, longitudinal bulkheads, longitudinal stiffeners, and brackets
- (B): Including deck structural members adjacent to deck transverses such as deck plating, longitudinal stiffeners, and brackets
- (C) & (D): Including vertical and horizontal girders and structural members adjacent to transverse bulkheads such as longitudinal bulkheads, inner bottom plating, hopper plating, bottom girders, brackets, and stiffeners; and internal structure of lower and upper stools, where fitted
- (E): The knuckle area includes the slope hopper plating and where it connects to the inner hull bulkhead and inner bottom plating; up to 2 meters from the corners along the bulkhead and double bottom; and adjacent structural members

The top part includes the top 3 meters of the web frame and adjacent structural members

*1 Double hull compartment- the following, apart from the fore and aft peak tanks:

- (a): all ballast compartments (hopper tank, side tank and double-deck tank, if separate from double-bottom tank) located on one side, i.e. portside or starboard side, and additionally double-bottom tank on portside plus starboard side, when the longitudinal central girder is not watertight and, therefore, the double bottom tank is a unique compartment from portside to starboard side; or

(b): all ballast compartments (double-bottom tank, hopper tank, side tank and double-deck tank) located on one side, i.e. portside or starboard side, when the longitudinal central girder is watertight and, therefore, the portside double-bottom tank separate from the starboard-side double-bottom tank.

*2 For double hull that have no centre cargo tanks (as in the case of tanks with a centre longitudinal bulkhead), transverse bulkheads in wing tanks are to be surveyed

Appendix 3.3 – Tank and Pipe Testing Requirements

Tank testing requirements for Special Survey for ships up to 5 years of age (Special Survey No.1)	
1.	Cargo tank boundaries facing ballast tanks, void spaces, pipe tunnels, fuel oil tanks, pump rooms and cofferdams.
2.	All water tanks. Pressure tests of fresh water tanks may be specially considered when deemed appropriate by the Society.
3.	All fuel oil tanks. Pressure tests may be specially considered when deemed appropriate by the Society.
4.	All lubrication oil tanks. Pressure tests may be specially considered when deemed appropriate by the Society.

Tank testing requirements for Special Survey for ships over 5 years and up to 10 years of age (Special Survey No.2)	
1.	All cargo tank bulkheads.
2.	For water tanks, fuel oil tanks and lubrication oil tanks, as Special Survey No.1.

Tank testing requirements for Special Survey for ships over 10 years of age (Special Survey No.3 and subsequent Special Surveys)	
1.	All cargo tank bulkheads.
2.	For water tanks, fuel oil tanks and lubrication oil tanks, as Special Survey No.1.
3.	Selected steel cargo pipes outside cargo tanks and ballast pipes passing through cargo tanks.

Notes:

- 1 A pressure test is to be carried out under the pressure specified below:
 - (a) For tanks: the pressure corresponding to the maximum head that can be experienced in service
 - (b) For piping: the working pressure
- 2 A pressure test of tanks may be carried out when the ship is afloat, provided that an internal examination of the bottoms of the tanks has also been carried out while afloat.
- 3 For ships having many water tanks and oil tanks, some of the tanks may be exempted from a pressure test where deemed appropriate by the Surveyor taking into account the ship's present condition, age and interval from the previous test.
- 4 Any testing of double bottom tanks and other watertight compartments not designed to carry liquids may be omitted, provided that satisfactory internal and/or external examinations are carried out.
- 5 Bilge, sludge and other similar tanks are to comply with the requirements for fresh water tanks
- 6 Pressure tests of air pipes, sounding pipes, and other pipes may be required where deemed necessary by the Surveyor as a result of examinations.
- 7 "when deemed appropriate by the Society" means that satisfactory external examinations of tank boundaries and confirmations from Masters stating that all pressure testing has been carried out according to the requirements with satisfactory results

Appendix 3.4 – Thickness Measurement (hereinafter, TM) Requirements

TM Requirements for Special Survey No.1
1. Suspect areas
2. One section of deck plating for the full beam of the ship within the cargo area (in way of a ballast tank, if any, or a cargo tank used primarily for water ballast)
3. Structural members subject to close-up survey for general assessment and recording of corrosion pattern
4. Cargo oil, fuel oil, ballast, vent pipes including vent masts and headers, inert gas pipes and all other pipings in pump room and on weather decks, when deemed necessary by the Surveyor as a consequence of general examination.

TM Requirements for Special Survey No.2
1. Suspect areas
2. Within the cargo area: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> .1 Each deck plate .2 One transverse section. When the selected section is a transversely framed section, adjacent frames and their end connections in way of the transverse section are to be included.
3. Structural members subject to close-up survey for general assessment and recording of corrosion pattern
4. Selected wind and water strakes outside cargo area
5. Cargo oil, fuel oil, ballast, vent pipes including vent masts and headers, inert gas pipes and all other pipings in pump room and on weather decks, when deemed necessary by the Surveyor as a consequence of general examination.

TM Requirements for Special Survey No.3
1. Suspect areas
2. Within the cargo area: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> .1 Each deck plate .2 Two transverse sections. When the selected section is a transversely framed section, adjacent frames and their end connections in way of the transverse section are to be included.
3. Structural members subject to close-up survey for general assessment and recording of corrosion pattern
4. Selected wind and water strakes outside cargo area
5. All wind and water strakes within cargo area
6. Internals in fore peak tank and aft peak tank
7. Cargo oil, fuel oil, ballast, vent pipes including vent masts and headers, inert gas pipes and all other pipings in pump room and on weather decks, when deemed necessary by the Surveyor as a consequence of general examination.
8. Selected steel cargo pipes outside cargo tanks and ballast pipes passing through cargo tanks

TM Requirements for Special Survey No.4 and subsequent Special Surveys
1. Suspect areas
2. Within the cargo area: .1 Each deck plate .2 Three transverse sections. When the selected section is a transversely framed section, adjacent frames and their end connections in way of the transverse section are to be included. .3 Each bottom plate
3. Structural members subject to close-up survey for general assessment and recording of corrosion pattern
4. All wind and water strakes
5. Internals in fore peak tank and aft peak tank
6. All exposed main deck plates outside the cargo area
7. Representative exposed superstructure deck plating (poop, bridge and forecastle deck)
8. All keel plates full length. and an appropriate number of bottom plates in way of cofferdams, machinery space, and aft end of tanks
9. Plating of sea chests, Shell plating in way of overboard discharges as deemed necessary by the Surveyor.
10. Cargo oil, fuel oil, ballast, vent pipes including vent masts and headers, inert gas pipes and all other pipings in pump room and on weather decks, when deemed necessary by the Surveyor as a consequence of general examination.
11. Selected steel cargo pipes outside cargo tanks and ballast pipes passing through cargo tanks

Notes:

- 1 The surveyor may extend the thickness measurements as deemed necessary.
- 2 Where substantial corrosion is found, the extent of thickness measurements shall be increased accordingly.
- 3 Transverse sections are to be chosen where the largest reductions are suspected to occur or are revealed from deck plating measurements. Where two or more transverse sections are required to be measured, one of them, at least, is to be a part of the water ballast tanks arranged just below upper deck within 0.5L amidships.
- 4 As for thickness measurements on frames and brackets, the measuring points are to be generally within 30 mm from fillet welding with shell or slant plates.

Appendix 3.5 - The Wastage Allowance

(1) Principal structural hull members

- (i) The wastage allowance (diminution limits) for plates and stiffeners are shown in the following table.
- (ii) The wastage allowance for longitudinal strength members given in the following table are based on the condition that the diminution limit of longitudinal strength of the hull has not been reached.
- (iii) The values of the wastage allowance indicate limit values in case of uniform wear of members.
- (iv) Notwithstanding the following table, the wastage allowance for local corrosion such as stress corrosion and pitting are to be decided at the discretion of the Surveyor. The standard diminution limit for local corrosion other than stress corrosion is to be taken as 40% of the original thickness.

Structural Member	Wastage Allowance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shell plates - Strength deck plates - Longitudinal beams (flat bar) on shear strake and strength deck - Tight bulkheads in deep tanks* - Inner bottom plates 	20% of original thickness + 1 mm
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Floors and girders in double bottom - Primary members (web & face) - Web, face and bracket of hold frames - Watertight bulkhead plates 	25% of original thickness
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Web and face of frames (excluding hold frames), longls beams, stiffeners and brackets - Effective deck plates - Hatch cover and hatch beam 	30% of original thickness

* The deep tank is a tank used for carriage of water, oil and other liquids, forming a part of the hull in holds or tween decks.

(2) Minimum thickness for high tensile steel members

If high-tensile steel is used in bottom longitudinals of tankers with a single bottom construction, the wear and tear limit of the web is taken as 25% of the original thickness. If high-tensile steel is used in other structural members, the wear and tear limit is to be in accordance with (1) and (2) above.

(3) Measure against corrosion

When remarkable corrosion is found in the results of thickness measurement, the Surveyor shall examine the pattern and extent of the corrosion through intensive inspection or thickness measurement and take a necessary measure such as (i) & (ii) below. Where *substantial corrosion* is found, the additional thickness measurement is required. **Substantial corrosion is an extent of corrosion such that assessment of corrosion pattern indicates a wastage in excess of 75% of allowable margins, but within acceptable limits.**

(i) Corrosion exceeding acceptable limit

The Surveyor shall require repair such as renewal of the corroded plate exceeding acceptable limit. However, special consideration may be given for structural members whose actual scantling surpasses much the Rule requirements.

(ii) *Substantial corrosion*

Necessary instruction for further inspection of corrosion which does not exceed acceptable limit, but where continuous monitoring is deemed necessary shall be given. *Substantial corrosion* in excess of 75% of allowable margin is to be nominated as *suspect area* and thickness measurement and necessary inspections of the area is to be carried out