

GC29 Integrated systems

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(Corr.1
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Interpretation of paragraph 13.9.3 of the IMO International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Liquefied Gases in Bulk (Resolution MSC.5(48) as amended by Resolution MSC.370(93))

Paragraph 13.9.3 reads:

13.9.3 Key hazards of the integrated system shall be identified using appropriate risk-based techniques.

Interpretation

The expression An “integrated system” referred to in paragraph 13.9.3 of the IGC Code is means a combination of computer-based systems which are used for the control, monitoring/alarm and safety functions required for the carriage, handling and conditioning of cargo liquid and vapours and are interconnected in order to allow communication between computer-based systems and to allow centralized access to monitoring/alarm and safety information and/or command/control.

Referenced Guidelines

MSC/Circ.891 – Guidelines for the On-board Use and Application of Computers

2.1 Computer

A programmable electronic device for storing and processing data, making calculations, or any programmable electronic system (PES), including main-frame, mini-computer or micro-computer.

2.2 Computer-based system

A system of one or more computers, associated software, peripherals and interfaces.

2.3 Integrated system

A combination of computer-based systems which are interconnected in order to allow centralized access to sensor information and/or command/control.

Note:

1. This Unified Interpretation is to be uniformly implemented by IACS Societies on ships contracted for construction on or after 1 July 2020.
2. The “contracted for construction” date means the date on which the contract to build the vessel is signed between the prospective owner and the shipbuilder. For further details regarding the date of “contract for construction”, refer to IACS Procedural Requirement (PR) No. 29.

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